

Roe Green Infant School Friday 17th May 2024

NEWSLETTER

PROUD TO BE, PROUD TO BELONG

This week

Hedgehog class have **100%** attendance this is a brilliant achievement. Well done!



Paddington bear will stay in Hedgehog class. Keep up the good work Hedgehog class! You are super stars!

Reception:

This week in Reception we were very lucky to have Zoo Lab come in and the children got to see and feel some of the amazing creatures that came. In maths we have been looking at halving shapes and numbers and share different amounts equally.

YEAR 1:

In Maths we have been learning about capacity. Click on the link below to learn more!

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zt9k7ty/articles/zp8crdm

In Science we have been describing the properties of ice and comparing it to water. Can you try and make an ice balloon at home and talk about how it feels?

YEAR 2:

We have been writing a letter of complaint about Mr & Mrs Twit, who have proven to be very difficult neighbours to

We have also been learning to use directional and positional language and mapping out routes from one position to another.

Celebrating our Achievements

Pupil of the Week

Year 2

Fox Class - Elisa Squirrel Class – Aryana Badger Class - Amaanah Hedgehog Class - Theo

Year 1

Eagle Class - Emily Owl Class -Farah Stag Class - Mays Rabbit Class - Lucas

Reception

Blue Jays - Siya Red Robins - Maya

Green Parrots - Daniyal

Yellow Canaries - Jiyansh

PE Award

Year 2

Fox Class – Samuel Squirrel class - Dia Badger Class - David Hedgehog Class – Siya

Year 1

Eagle Class – Ediz Owl - Sarhay Stag Class - Devon Rabbit Class - Mishka

Reception

Blue jays - Elizabeth Red Robins - Ruhan Green Parrots -Emaan Yellow Canaries -Amirah, Shivansh

Positive Attitude

Year 2

Fox Class - Natalia Squirrel Class -Salma Badger Class - Aadam Hedgehog Class – Colette

Year 1

Eagle Class - Elena Owl Class - Leonardo Stag Class –Achim Rabbit Class - Arti Reception

Blue Jays -Gabriel Red Robins - hanna

Green Parrots - Isla

Yellow Canaries - Ruth



Handwriting Award

Year 2

Fox Class - Aaminah Squirrel Class – Daria Badger Class - Adam Khan Hedgehog Class – Eric

Year 1

Eagle Class - Ana Owl Class – Yashree Stag Class - Yannis Rabbit Class - Simon

Reception

Blue jays – Red Robins -Green Parrots -Yellow Canaries -

What Parents & Educators Need to Know about SCHOOLAVOIDANCE

UNDERSTANDING SCHOOL AVOIDANCE Emotionally Based School Avoidance is a term used to refer to reduced attendance or non-attendance at school by a child or young person. It's often rooted in emotional, mental health or wellbeing issues. The rate of children who miss school more than 10% of the time in England has more than doubled since before the pandemic: rising from 10.9% in 2018-19, to 22.3% in 2022-23.

IMPACT OF SCHOOL AVOIDANCE

REASONS FOR ABSENCE

School avoidance is sometimes underpinned by several factors rather than one single cause. This could include something going on for the child or young person within the family or at school. A child may have caring responsibilities at home, for instance, or a change in family dynamics; bullying and friendship difficulties at school; pressure to achieve in schoolwork and exams; or moving from primary school to secondary school.



You may notice patterns in regular absences or children regularly expressing that they don't want to attend school (particularly being reluctant to leave home on school days). If a child or young person is neurodiverse, there is some evidence to suggest there are more aspects of school life which can cause distress—such as changes in the environment, changes of routine and sensory stimuli.

COMPLAINTS ABOUT PHYSICAL SYMPTOMS

There may be an increase in a child or young person's complaints about physical symptoms, particularly on school days or the evening before school. These could include complaining of a tummy ache, headache, or saying they feel ill when there doesn't appear to be a medical cause. Always check with the OP first to rule out medical causes or illness.

LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

School refusal can negatively impact a young person's learning and development. Attending school on a regular basis not only supports academic attainment but is also important for the development of key life skills and the growth of children and young people as citizens.

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES

The difficulties associated with school non-attendance can be far reaching and may have a negative impact on long-term outcomes. It may, for example, lead to reduced future aspirations, poor emotional regulation, mental health difficulties, limited academic progress and restricted employment opportunities.

CYCLE OF ABSENCE

Consistent absences may contribute to sustained school avoidance over time. Further to this, the longer a pupil is out of education, the more likely it is that there is a rise in their ongoing need to avoid the activity which is making them anxious – increasing their desire to stay at home.

Advice for Parents & Educators

WORK TOGETHER

If there's a concern about a child's absence and emotional wellbeing, it's important that there is clear communication and a consistent approach between the child's parents and the school, so you can take a child-centred approach together towards a plan of support or reintegration. This ensures a consistency of approach from both home and school, creating better outcomes for the child.

FOLLOW REGULAR ROUTINES

Children can benefit from a regular and consistent routine. This could be a morning routine, from waking up and having breakfast through to getting dressed, packing their bag and leaving the house. A consistent evening routine which is calm and limited time on screens can also give children much needed predictability and familiarity. Schools can help create a timetabled routine for the child's school day, if required.

MANAGING OVERWHELMING FEELINGS

While there may be times you feel frustrated or angry, try to stay calm; acknowledge the child's worries, listen and discuss a range of coping strategies together to help them face the discomfort and overwhelming feelings. These could include mindfulness, deep breathing or going for a walk and practice the strategies in less overwhelming situations first.

REDUCE STIMULATING ACTIVITIES AT HOME

If a child is avoiding school, reduce their access to more stimulating activities (such as watching television, playing games and spending time with friends) during school hours, where possible. This reduces the potential for the child having rewarding experiences at home, which could be interpreted as a positive aspect of avoiding school.

School Website Please visit the school website and open pages on how to keep your child's digital footprint safe online at www.rgreeninf.brent.sch.uk. Visit parent info, NSPCC and Child net.
Thank you for making your children walk alongside their scooters and bicycles in the playground.

That's all from me for this week. Have a safe and relaxing weekend!



Mrs Aziz – Assistant Head